

Social Protection Afghanistan



Gujarat, Ahmedabad

India

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Social protection in Afghanistan:

– Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs leads this Sector.

Member ministries/ Authorities:

1-Ministry of Women Affairs

2-Ministry of Counternarcotic

3-Ministry of Ministry of Refugees and Repatriation

4-Ministry of Finance

5-ANDMA (Afghanistan National Disaster Management Authority)

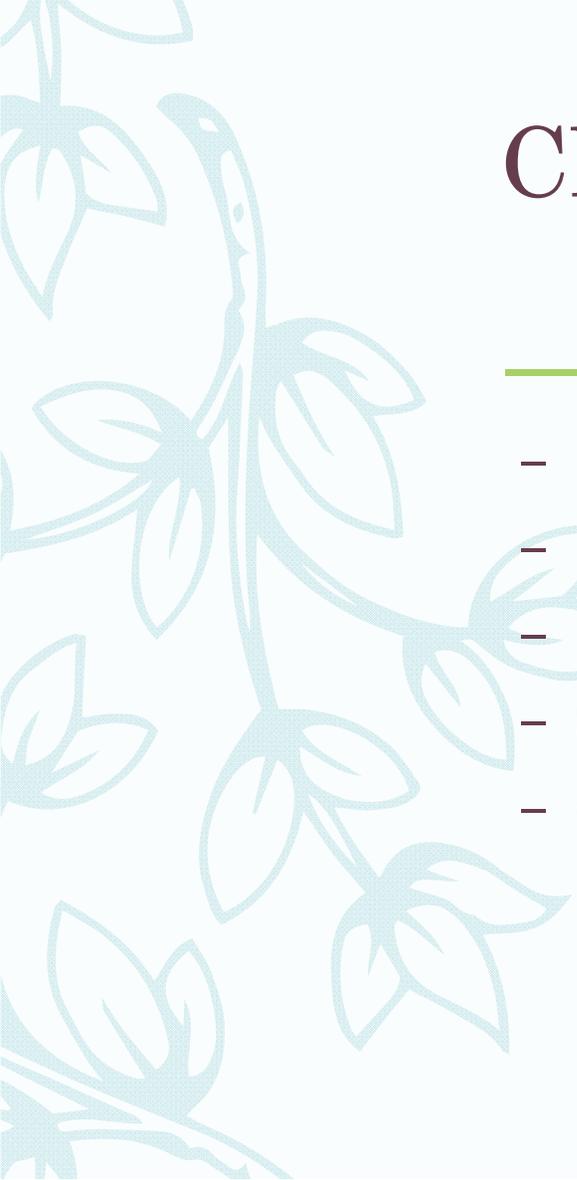
6- CSO (central Statistics Office)

Continue..

- MoPH (Provides BPHS, Basic Health Packages)
- MoE, (Free Education+Training)
- MoWA (Supports Vulnerable Women)
- ANDMA (Relief Assistance...)

What services we provide?

- Through MoISAMD provincial offices in 33 provinces we provide:
- CPAN (Child Protection Action Net Work) a coordination mechanism among all stakeholders
- Orphanages (covers orphan girls and boys, between age of 3-18)
- Kindergarten 2-6 yrs old boys and girls
- Day care center
- Rehabilitation Centers
- Social Safety Net (Cash Transfer to most vulnerable people)



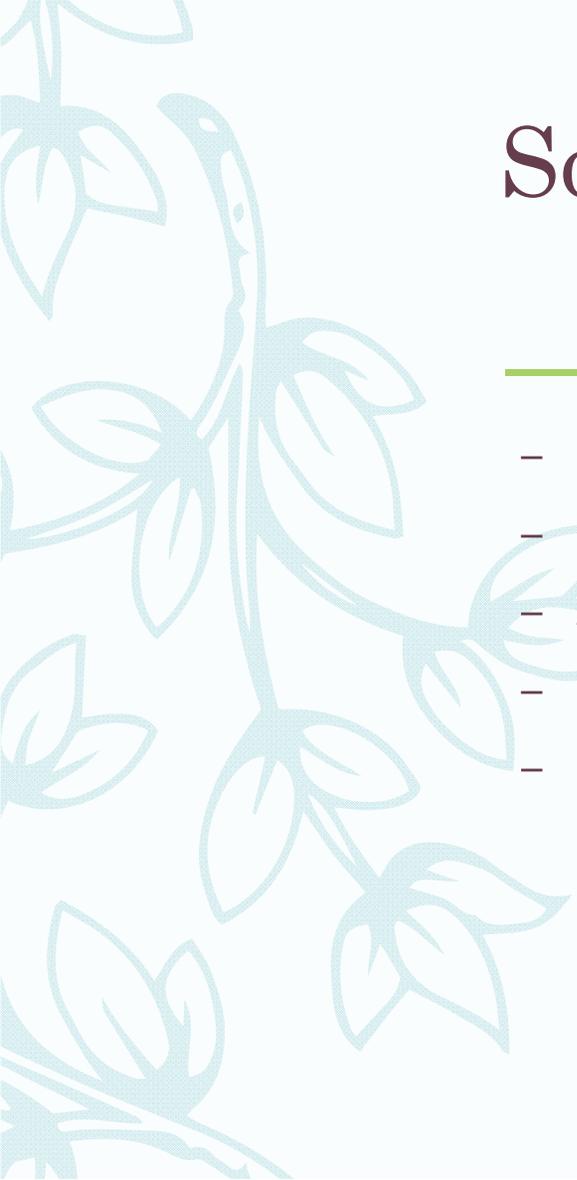
Challenges:

- Lack of strong coordination among stakeholders
- Lack of concrete, accurate and update data
- Scarce Financial Resources (Budget Gap)
- Security issues
- Geographical issues (PEOPLE LIVE IN MOUNTAINS)



Challenges

- Current challenges
- Lack of awareness of people from natural disaster
- Non existence & absence of skillful individuals
- Lack of sufficient budget
- Absence of long-term plan to decrease the impact of preventative measures from natural disasters
- Security issue
- Increase of biological and hydro metro logical hazards



Solutions

- Provide training in provinces & villages and outskirts
- Hire skilled individuals
- Allocation of sufficient budget.
- Preparation and arrangement of long term short term strategies plans
- Preventatives measure's prior to occurrence of accident & phenomenon



Future challenge

- Increase of hazards in the villages
- Absence of technical and skilled staff in villages and out skirts
- Bad security issue
- Absence of tools to train them due to economic problems
- Lack of coordination, government and community
- Lack of coordination bet ween government departments and NGoS
- Development partners



Solution to future challenges

- predicted Hazards to be addressed
- Train skilled individuals for vulnerable regions /villages
- Security issues needs to be addressed
- All instruments that are required for public awareness or training must be provided ON TIME (ACCORDING TO AVIALABLE BUDGET)
- Coordination AMONG (all stakeholders) to be improved